Cornell University Plant Disease Diagnostic Clinic

Pythium Root Rot (*Pythium aphanidermatum*)

Brown Spot; Needle Blight (Mycosphaerella dearnessii)

Lactuca sativa

Pinus sylvestris

Lettuce

Scotch Pine

Diagnostic Review Report

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Host		Diagnosis		Confidence (to genus)								
Scientific Name	Common Name	This section reports samples from all statuses. Each sample may have one or more diagnosis or identification; hence this section does not represent the total number of samples		Confirmed	Not Detected	Suspected	Inconclusive					
Time Period Report for October 22 nd through October 28 th , 2013												
Buxus sp./spp.	Boxwood	Boxwood Blight; Leaf and Stem Blight (Calonectria (ana. Cylindrocladia	um) pseudonaviculata (pseudonaviculatum))	1	1	0	0					
Buxus sp./spp.	Boxwood	Macrophoma Blight; Dieback (<i>Macrophoma</i> sp./spp.)		1	0	0	0					
Buxus sp./spp.	Boxwood	Unknown Abiotic Disorder (Abiotic disorder)		0	0	1	0					
Buxus sp./spp.	Boxwood	Volutella Leaf Blight; Dieback (<i>Volutella</i> sp./spp.)		2	0	0	0					
Cercidiphylum japonicum	Katsura Tree	Moisture Stress (Abiotic disorder)		0	0	1	0					
Cercidiphylum japonicum	Katsura Tree	Not Pathogen; Saprophyte (Secondary Agents; Saprophytes; Unspecif.)		1	0	0	0					
Fagus sylvatica	European Beech	Phytophthora Canker (<i>Phytophthora</i> sp./spp.)		0 1 0		0						
<i>Ilex</i> sp./spp.	Holly	Black Root Rot (Thielaviopsis (Chalara) basicola (elegans))		0	1	0	0					
<i>Ilex</i> sp./spp.	Holly	Crown and Root Rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> sp./spp.)		0	1	0	0					
<i>Ilex</i> sp./spp.	Holly	Drainage Problem (Abiotic disorder)		0	0	1	0					

Confirmed - The diagnosis was derived using approved molecular technologies, serological testing and/or morphological observations which allowed for the confirmation of the organism to Genus, species and/or race or pathovar level.

Not Detected -The sample was submitted as a suspect sample or as part of survey project. The pathogen was not detected on this sample at this time using approved molecular technologies, serological testing and/or morphological observations.

Suspected - Diagnostic symptoms of the pathogen were present but evidence of the pathogen could not be confirmed at this time. This term may also be used at the species level if confirmations cannot be made. This term may also be used with abiotic entries.

Inconclusive - Although a suitable sample was received, a reliable result could not be achieved. For example, the test kit may have not worked correctly and there was no sample material remaining to perform the test again. Or, no DNA was detected in a PCR analysis. Inhibitors may have been present in the sample. A second attempt may have been made with the same results. The only conclusion is to label the sample as inconclusive.

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Diagnostic Review Report

Host		Diagnosis		Confidence (to genus)			
Scientific Name	Common Name	This section reports samples from all statuses. Each sample may have one or more diagnosis or identification; hence this section does not represent the total number of samples		Confirmed	Not Detected	Suspected	Inconclusive
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Pinus sylvestris	Scotch Pine	Diplodia Tip Blight; Canker (Sphaeropsis (Diplodia) sapinea (pinea))		1	0	0	0
Pinus sylvestris	Scotch Pine	Insect Damage (Unidentified Insect)		0	0	1	0
Vitis sp./spp.	Grape	Dagger Nematodes (Xiphinema sp./spp.)		0	1	0	0
Quercus rubra (report delayed)	Northern Red Oak	Oak Wilt (Ceratocystis (Chalara) fagacearum (quercina))		1	0	0	0

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